This owner’s manual uses signal words recommended by the American National Standards Institute (see ANSI Z535.4) to designate levels of hazard seriousness. These signal words and their designations are as follows:

**DANGER:** Indicates an imminently hazardous situation which, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury. This signal word is to be limited to the most extreme situations.

**WARNING:** Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.

**CAUTION:** Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, may result in minor or moderate injury. It may also be used to alert against unsafe practices.
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Congratulations on your Zeagle Regulator Purchase!

Your Zeagle “Flathead” Regulator is the top of the Zeagle Regulator line and has been designed and manufactured to the highest possible standards of performance and reliability. With the reasonable care outlined in this manual it will provide you with many years of diving enjoyment.

Since 1979, Zeagle Systems Inc. has been providing divers with Scuba equipment and Buoyancy Control Devices. Zeagle Systems and our worldwide network of authorized dealers are always ready to serve you. For more information on our products, and for the dealer nearest you, visit our web site at www.zeagle.com. Thank you for choosing Zeagle!

Safety Information

Read these instructions carefully before using your regulator, and keep this manual for future reference.

Following the care and maintenance section at the end of this booklet will help ensure reliable service.

Model Differences

The primary difference between the Flathead-7 and Flathead-LT models, involves the 1st stages. The Flathead-7 has a dry-sealed first stage and a Heat-sink on the 2nd Stage to help prevent freezing in cold water. The Flathead-LT has a wet spring chamber on the 1st stage and plastic spacer on the 2nd stage to make the LT lighter while still maintaining the extremely high flow capacities.
Limited Lifetime Warranty To The Original Owner

1. Your Z / Flathead is guaranteed against defects in materials and workmanship. This guarantee does not cover normal wear, or damage from accident, abuse, neglect, alterations, improper usage, or failure to follow reasonable care and maintenance as outlined in this manual. Under this limited warranty, Zeagle will either repair or replace, at its sole option, any original equipment or parts that fail to perform as intended. Shipping and Labor charges are not included and must be paid by you. To validate your warranty, you must fill out and return your warranty registration card within 30 days of purchase. This Limited Lifetime Warranty excludes filters, hoses, O-rings, diaphragms and mouthpieces, which are warranted for two years from the regulator’s date of purchase. Filling out the card requires printing CLEARLY the serial numbers of both the first and second stages. The first stage serial number is stamped on the first stage on the top of the regulator (fig. 1). The second stage serial number is stamped on the mouthpiece tube (fig. 2). To read this serial number you must fold back the flexible silicone mouthpiece to expose the numbers. Each serial number consists of a pre-fix letter followed by six numbers. All of the digits of both the first and second stages must be CLEARLY printed on your warranty registration card for your warranty to be activated. You can also register at www.zeagle.com.

2. For proof of original ownership, you must save the original purchase receipt. It is your record of when and where the regulator was purchased. It also lets you know when your annual service should be performed.

3. To keep the original-owner Limited Lifetime Warranty in effect, you must have your regulator inspected and serviced annually, within 30 days before or after the anniversary of the purchase date. Failure to do so will invalidate your warranty. This servicing must be performed by an authorized Zeagle dealer. Save the receipts from this servicing for your records.
4. This limited warranty applies only to the original purchaser, and then only to certified divers.

5. Sometimes products from other manufacturers are attached to Zeagle Equipment. This warranty does not cover those other products or make any claims as to the performance or suitability of those other products.

6. This limited warranty applies only to regulators sold in the USA through authorized Zeagle Systems dealers.

7. This warranty gives you specific legal rights. You may also have other rights that may vary from state to state.

8. This warranty applies only to regulators purchased from Authorized Zeagle Dealers located within the United States. The regulator must be picked up by the original owner at the dive store. Regulators shipped to the customer in another location are not covered. Warranty coverage in countries other than the US varies. Outside the US your dealer will be able to get further Warranty information from the Authorized Zeagle Regional Distributor.

**Disclaimer And Limitation On Remedy**

(Some states do not allow limitations on how long an implied warranty lasts or do not allow exclusion of incidental or consequential damages, so the following limitations or exclusions may not apply to you.)

Zeagle expressly limits any and all warranties, expressed or implied, to the terms of the limited warranty as set forth above. Your remedies are limited to those contained herein and are in lieu of all other remedies, whether based on breach of warranty or contract, negligence, strict product liability or other tort. Zeagle specifically disclaims liability for any consequential, special or indirect damages arising out of the use of Zeagle Equipment.
CAUTION

Scuba products are subject to conditions of extreme wear and corrosion. Inspection and maintenance are required to ensure continued performance. Zeagle recommends that you have your regulator inspected and serviced once a year on the anniversary date of its purchase at any authorized Zeagle dealer worldwide. Zeagle Scuba equipment should be used by certified Scuba divers only.

WARNING

1. Scuba diving is an adventuresome activity that involves a degree of risk. Zeagle Systems Inc. Self Contained Underwater Breathing Apparatus (SCUBA) equipment is only to be used by those trained and certified by a nationally recognized scuba training agency. Diving without the necessary training in safe diving procedures, or without observing the practices outlined by your training agency for your level of certification, is extremely hazardous and could result in serious personal injury or death. This owner’s manual is in no way meant to be a substitute for the instruction received from a certified scuba training agency.

2. Zeagle regulators must be serviced only by dealers or technicians trained and authorized to service Zeagle Scuba equipment. At no time should any unauthorized person attempt to repair the regulator or adjust any nuts, bolts or screws other than those used to mount the regulator to, or dismount it from the tank valve. Scuba equipment that is not properly serviced might malfunction during use, putting the diver at risk of serious personal injury or death.
COLD WATER DIVING

Cold water is defined as water at a temperature of 50 degrees F (10°C) or lower. In cold water there is a risk of the first or second stage freezing. The risk of freezing is increased as the ambient temperature gets lower, the air flow increases, and/or the moisture content of the air supply increases. Regulators for cold water use should have environmentally sealed first stages to prevent water entry and lower the chance of freezing. The second stages should have extra heat absorbing features such as the metal Heat-sink. The Flathead-7 has these freeze resisting features and more, and is the best Zeagle model for Cold Water. It is not possible to completely eliminate regulator freezing under all conditions. In order to reduce the possibility you should:

1. Start the dive with the regulators as warm as possible. If the air temperature is far below freezing, try to warm the regulators by pouring warm water over them or dunking them in warm water just before entry.

2. If an Octopus regulator is put into the mouth underwater (IF safely possible), try to start the breathing cycle with a long exhalation to get the interior of the 2nd stage as warm as possible before the first breath is drawn.

3. Avoid pushing the purge button in the second stage during cold water diving operations.

4. Avoid high rates of breathing, and excessive inflation of buoyancy devices or dry suits. The deeper the dive the greater the risk.
COLD WATER DIVING (continued)

5. Do not practice unnecessary buddy breathing, etc.

6. Do not use your regulator to fill lift bags, etc.

7. Keep YOUR regulator in YOUR mouth. In an emergency, offer or take the spare regulator. When taking the spare regulator, do not hit the purge button to clear the water (if possible). Clear the regulator with as long a first exhalation as is safely possible.

8. If the physical gear set-up allows, use two 1st stages and utilize one for breathing air and the other one for inflation air. This will split the cooling effect between the two regulators.

CAUTION

1. The high-pressure outlets (HP Ports) are distinctly larger than the low-pressure outlets. Only devices with fittings, hoses and components designed for the full tank pressure that the regulator will be mounted on, such as Submersible Pressure Gauges, are to be installed in these ports.

2. During installation, the O-ring hose fittings will seal with hand-tight pressure, but may come loose during use if not tightened carefully with a small wrench. Proper torque for the hose fittings is 40-45 in lbs. (4.5 - 5 joules) Excessive tightening will not help the seal and may damage the parts (see DEMA Guidelines No. 101, Low Pressure Hose Installation Caution Statement; ANSI American National Standard for Underwater Safety, paragraph 9.3.1).
WARNING

Extreme cold water diving such as diving under ice requires specialized training and procedures. Do not attempt these activities unless you are fully qualified and properly equipped to do so safely.

NITROX USE

Zeagle regulators are manufactured using materials suitable for use with oxygen enriched gases (i.e., Nitrox, etc.) providing the oxygen content does not exceed 40%. The regulator must be kept “Oxygen Clean” and used only with certified clean air mixtures to maintain this status. Once the regulator is used with air not certified to be clean for enriched air use, the regulator will have to be cleaned again for enriched air use by a certified technician.

DANGER

Using nitrox (i.e., gas mixtures containing oxygen in excess of 21%) requires special training and procedures. Improper use of nitrox can lead to personal injury, convulsions, drowning, and death.

DANGER

Use of gas mixtures containing oxygen in excess of 40% with this regulator, can lead to fires and explosions, causing severe personal injury and death.

FIRST STAGE FEATURES

The first stage reduces the high pressure air contained in the cylinder to a constant intermediate pressure of approximately 135 p.s.i. (9.2 BAR). Zeagle first stages are designed to do this with outstanding reliability.
The Flathead First Stage may be attached to your Scuba cylinder by means of the standard yoke assembly for cylinders using a “post” type valve (fig. 3) or the optional DIN connector for cylinders utilizing a DIN valve (fig. 4). Zeagle offers a DIN to Yoke Converter p/n 330-0001 (fig. 5) that allows DIN fitted regulators to be converted for use with a “post” type valve in a few seconds without using tools.

The use of advanced high-strength materials, has allowed Zeagle to reduce the outside dimensions of the Flathead-7 and Flathead-LT first (& 2nd) stages, making these models the lightest in the Zeagle line.

SECOND STAGE FEATURES

The Zeagle “Z” second stage is pneumatically balanced and is among the most advanced diver adjustable breathing systems available. No fixed or “automatic” system can achieve an ideal level of breathing performance under all conditions. Zeagle “Z” second stages are equipped with separate diver controls for both cracking resistance and venturi boost. This allows the diver to adjust the complete range of breathing characteristics. By using a combination of the two controls, it is possible to tune the regulator to give virtually ideal performance.
RESISTANCE CONTROL KNOB

This knob adjusts the spring load on the second stage valve and so varies the initial inhalation effort. To adjust the Resistance Control Knob to the easiest breathing setting, turn the knob fully counter-clockwise (fig. 6). Sometimes a slight hissing flow of air may be heard at this setting. If this occurs, turn the knob clockwise (fig. 7) just enough to stop the hissing.

NOTE: Ask your authorized Zeagle Scuba dealer for in-store instructions and training on the use of the Resistance Control Knob and the Dive / Pre-dive Venturi Lever. Your dealer will show you how to make adjustments to get the desired breathing results. To actually experience the effects of the adjustment range, the instruction should be conducted with the diver breathing through a regulator attached to a full air supply. The feel of the regulator breathing underwater is of course somewhat different from the feel of breathing above the surface.

DIVE / PRE-DIVE VENTURI LEVER

This lever controls the sensitivity of the regulator. The Plus and Minus Positions for the lever are marked on the case beside the lever. To avoid unexpected venturi free flows at the surface, or when jumping into the water, the lever should be set in the PRE-DIVE “-” (forward) position. As soon as the diver is ready to descend, the lever should be moved to the DIVE “+” (back) position.
OCTOPUS (Alternate Second Stage)
The diver controls available on the Zeagle (p/n 320-8110) Z Octopus second stage, make it an excellent choice for Octopus use. An Octopus Regulator is often subjected to conditions that may cause a free-flow. For example, jumping into the water or swimming in a strong current. To minimize this, move the Dive / Pre-Dive Lever forward to the “-” Minus position. When the Octopus Regulator is needed for delivering air to a diver, the Dive / Pre-Dive Lever is moved back to the DIVE “+” position. Although breathing resistance will be somewhat greater, the regulator will still deliver ample air on demand if the Lever is accidentally left in the Pre-Dive position. The 36” Yellow braided hose that comes with the Z Octopus, is stronger, lighter and higher flow capacity than standard Scuba hoses.

WET BREATHING
The Z second stage is much “drier” than many other second stage designs during use. However, it must be remembered that water (including the diver’s own saliva) will always settle to the bottom of the case. If the diver is in an unusual position (i.e. head down or upside down looking upwards) the exhaust valve is no longer at the bottom of the case and the mouth tube is. This means that water will settle in the mouth tube area and sometimes is ingested by the diver. A tendency to wetness is aggravated by slow exhalations while inverted. This is because the exhaust valve is flapping open with little air velocity, thus letting water in. Of course a regulator that begins breathing wetter than it has before, should be checked out by a technician, but avoiding long periods of inversion, and using shorter stronger exhalations if inverted, will keep the interior of the regulator drier.

PRE-DIVE CHECK
1. Before mounting any Scuba regulator onto a tank valve, you must open the valve briefly to blow out any water trapped in the outlet area of the valve.
Failing to perform this simple step will often result in water and contaminant’s being blown into the interior of the regulator, which in turn will cause future mechanical problems in the regulator.

2. Prior to each dive always check to make certain your regulator has no potential water leaks by inhaling on the regulator with the dust cap properly installed or the tank with the air valve turned off. You should be able to draw in very little if any air. If you can draw in any quantity of air, either the exhaust valve is failing to seal properly, or there may be a pinhole leak in the mouthpiece or second stage diaphragm.

3. Just before turning on the tank air valve, check to make sure that the yoke nut or DIN connection is tight and that the regulator body is aligned properly, with no kinks in the hoses. In the case of DIN connections, check that the DIN connector O-ring on the regulator is in place before installing the regulator into the valve. Always carry spare DIN connection O-rings (Zeagle p/n 160-0111-N7).

4. Turn the tank valve on slowly, check for air leaks and proper breathing function of the regulator.

**WARNING**

Lifting the tank by the regulator or hoses may loosen a previously tight connection, which could cause unexpected air loss and put the diver at risk during a subsequent dive. You could be physically injured by high pressure air or parts that are propelled by high-pressure air.

**CAUTION**

If you hear any leaks, turn the tank valve off. Do not use the regulator until the source of the leak has been found and corrected by an authorized Zeagle Scuba service technician.
**POST-DIVE CARE**

1. After the dive, dry the dust cap and place it securely on the regulator inlet. On multiple tank dives, keep water out of the regulator inlet when changing the tanks. Neglect of these simple procedures is a major cause of corrosion and wear in scuba regulators.

2. With the dust cap securely in place, rinse the first and second stage in clean fresh water. **DO NOT** purge the regulator before or during rinsing since this may introduce water into the second stage and the low-pressure hose. After rinsing, reconnect the regulator to an air supply and thoroughly shake all excess water from the second stage. Press the Purge cover (with the regulator attached to a pressure source) several times to blow the rinse water out of the inner mechanism. Allow the entire regulator to air dry before storing. For reasons of hygiene, equipment subjected to frequent use in training, rental, etc. should finally rinsed in water containing a suitable sterilizing agent. The best sterilizing solutions for your regulator are soap based. If any stronger chemicals are used, make the immersion very brief and rinse the regulator out again thoroughly. Failure to rinse sterilizing chemicals out of the regulator will cause serious damage to plastic parts of the regulator. This will result in cracking of hard plastic parts and shrinking or swelling of soft plastic parts.

**NOTE:** **DO NOT USE SOLVENT CHEMICALS TO CLEAN THE REGULATOR**

3. Store the clean dry regulator in a clean bag or storage box, away from sunlight, excessive heat and humidity.

4. The Valve Seal in the second stage will give longer service if the Resistance Control Knob on the Z second stage is turned fully counter clockwise when the regulator is stored longer than a week.
MAINTENANCE
It is essential that your regulator is checked at least annually by an authorized Zeagle regulator technician. Unusually heavy use, or use in dirty or contaminated water may result in the need for more frequent service. A service record has been provided at the end of this manual to assist you in keeping your regulator’s service up to date.

Ask your Zeagle dealer for information on the following products to use with your Zeagle Regulator, adding to your diving enjoyment and safety.

- Zeagle BCD’s
- Zeagle Instruments, Computers
- Zeagle Alternate Air Sources
- Zeagle Drysuits

The Code of the Responsible Diver

- As a responsible diver I understand the risks I may encounter while diving. I will seek experience and knowledge from those with more and will share mine with those who have less.

- “Superior divers use their superior knowledge to stay out of situations that would require their superior skills.”

- “Your equipment can be excellent, but it is not responsible for you.”

- “Your training can be excellent, but it is not responsible for you.”

- “Your buddy can be excellent, but he is not responsible for you.”

- “You are responsible for you: Be excellent!”
SPECIFICATIONS

A. FIRST STAGE REGULATOR
MODEL: Flathead-7

FEATURES:
Balanced Diaphragm, Yoke or DIN Inlet available
Yoke or DIN inlet available.

WEIGHT (Flathead-7, Yoke) 1.82 lb. (.83 kg.)
WEIGHT (Flathead-LT, Yoke) 1.80 lb. (.81 kg.)
INTERMEDIATE PRESSURE 120-150 psi (8-10 bar)

# LOW PRESSURE PORTS 5
# HIGH PRESSURE PORTS 2

MATERIALS:
Body Brass
O-rings Buna-N
Seat Advanced Polymer
HP Valve Stainless Steel

B. SECOND STAGE REGULATOR
MODEL: Z

FEATURES:
Downstream valve, balanced diaphragm, Diver Adjustable Dive/Pre Dive Venturi Lever.

HOSE WEIGHT .24 lb. (.11 kg)
HOSE LENGTH 30 in. (.76 mm)
BODY WEIGHT .5 lb. (.23 kg)

MATERIALS:
Cover Flexible Thermoplastic
Case Thermoplastic
Poppet Seat Elastomer
O-Rings Buna-N
Diaphragm Elastomeric Polymer
Exhaust Valve Elastomer
Mouthpiece Silicone
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Date Purchased: ____________________
Notes:
The date of purchase, dive store, and contact information at the store should be written on this page. A copy of the receipt could also be stapled to this page for future records.