

# **SUUNTO EON STEEL**

USER GUIDE

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# 1 SAFETY

## Types of safety precautions

 **WARNING:** - is used in connection with a procedure or situation that may result in serious injury or death.

 **CAUTION:** - is used in connection with a procedure or situation that will result in damage to the product.

 **NOTE:** - is used to emphasize important information.

 **TIP:** - is used for extra tips on how to utilize the features and functions of the device.

## Safety precautions

 **WARNING:** ONLY DIVERS TRAINED IN PROPER USE OF SCUBA DIVING EQUIPMENT SHOULD USE A DIVE COMPUTER! No dive computer can replace the need for proper dive training. Insufficient or improper training may cause a diver to commit errors that may lead to serious injury or death.

**⚠ WARNING:** *THERE IS ALWAYS A RISK OF DECOMPRESSION SICKNESS (DCS) FOR ANY DIVE PROFILE EVEN IF YOU FOLLOW THE DIVE PLAN PRESCRIBED BY DIVE TABLES OR A DIVE COMPUTER. NO PROCEDURE, DIVE COMPUTER OR DIVE TABLE WILL PREVENT THE POSSIBILITY OF DCS OR OXYGEN TOXICITY! An individual's physiological make up can vary from day to day. The dive computer cannot account for these variations. You are strongly advised to remain well within the exposure limits provided by the instrument to minimize the risk of DCS. As an added measure of safety, you should consult a physician regarding your fitness before diving.*

**⚠ WARNING:** *You must read the printed quick guide and online user guide for your dive computer. Failure to do so may lead to improper use, serious injury or death.*

**⚠ WARNING:** *Allergic reactions or skin irritations may occur when product is in contact with skin, even though our products comply with industry standards. In such event, stop use immediately and consult a doctor.*

**⚠ WARNING:** *Not for professional use! Suunto dive computers are intended for recreational use only. The demands of commercial or professional diving may expose the diver to depths and conditions that tend to increase the risk of decompression sickness (DCS). Therefore, Suunto strongly recommends that the device not be used for any commercial or professional diving activities.*

**⚠ WARNING:** *SUUNTO STRONGLY RECOMMENDS THAT SPORT DIVERS LIMIT THEIR MAXIMUM DEPTH TO 40 M/130 FT OR TO THE DEPTH CALCULATED BY THE COMPUTER BASED ON THE SELECTED O<sub>2</sub>% AND A MAXIMUM PO<sub>2</sub> OF 1.4 BAR! Exposure to greater depths increases the risk of oxygen toxicity and decompression sickness.*

**⚠ WARNING:** *DIVES WITH REQUIRED DECOMPRESSION STOPS ARE NOT RECOMMENDED. YOU SHOULD ASCEND AND BEGIN DECOMPRESSION IMMEDIATELY WHEN THE DIVE COMPUTER SHOWS YOU THAT A DECOMPRESSION STOP IS REQUIRED!*

**⚠ WARNING:** *USE BACKUP INSTRUMENTS! Ensure that you use back-up instrumentation, including a depth gauge, submersible pressure gauge, timer or watch, and have access to decompression tables whenever diving with the dive computer.*

**⚠ WARNING:** *PERFORM PRE-CHECKS! Always activate and check the device before diving in order to ensure that display works, the device has not run out of battery power, and that the gas mixture, altitude, personal, and safety stops are correct.*

**⚠ WARNING:** *YOU ARE ADVISED TO AVOID FLYING ANY TIME THE COMPUTER COUNTS DOWN THE NO-FLY TIME. ALWAYS ACTIVATE THE COMPUTER TO CHECK THE REMAINING NO-FLY TIME PRIOR TO FLYING! Flying or traveling to a higher altitude within the no-fly time can greatly increase the risk of DCS. Review the recommendations given by Divers Alert Network (DAN). There can never be a flying after diving rule that is guaranteed to completely prevent decompression sickness!*

**⚠ WARNING:** *THE DIVE COMPUTER SHOULD NEVER BE TRADED OR SHARED BETWEEN USERS WHILE IT IS IN OPERATION! Its information will not apply to someone who has not been wearing it throughout a dive or sequence of repetitive dives. Its dive profiles must match that of the user. If it is left on the surface during any dive, the dive computer will give inaccurate information for subsequent dives. No dive computer can take into account dives made without the computer. Thus, any diving activity up to four days prior to initial use of the computer may cause misleading information and must be avoided.*

**⚠ WARNING: DO NOT EXPOSE ANY PART OF YOUR DIVE COMPUTER TO ANY GAS MIX CONTAINING MORE THAN 40% OXYGEN!** *Enriched air with greater oxygen content presents a risk of fire or explosion and serious injury or death.*

**⚠ WARNING: THE DIVE COMPUTER WILL NOT ACCEPT FRACTIONAL PERCENTAGE VALUES OF OXYGEN CONCENTRATION. DO NOT ROUND UP FRACTIONAL PERCENTAGES!** *For example, 31.8% oxygen should be entered as 31%. Rounding up will cause nitrogen percentages to be understated and will affect decompression calculations. If there is a desire to adjust the computer to provide more conservative calculations, use the personal adjustment feature to affect decompression calculations or reduce the PO<sub>2</sub> setting to affect oxygen exposure according to the entered O<sub>2</sub>% and PO<sub>2</sub> values. As a safety precaution, the oxygen calculations in the dive computer are made with an oxygen percentage of 1% + set O<sub>2</sub>%.*

**⚠ WARNING: SET THE CORRECT ALTITUDE SETTING!** *When diving at altitudes greater than 300 m/1000 ft, the altitude setting must be correctly selected in order for the computer to calculate the decompression status. The dive computer is not intended for use at altitudes greater than 3000 m/10000 ft. Failure to select the correct altitude setting or diving above the maximum altitude limit will result in erroneous dive and planning data.*

**⚠ WARNING: SET THE CORRECT PERSONAL SETTING!** Whenever it is believed that factors that tend to increase the possibility of DCS exist, it is recommended that you use this option to make the calculations more conservative. Failure to select the correct personal setting will result in erroneous dive and planning data.

**⚠ WARNING: DO NOT EXCEED THE MAXIMUM ASCENT RATE!** Rapid ascents increase the risk of injury. You should always make the mandatory and recommended safety stops after you have exceeded the maximum recommended ascent rate. If this mandatory safety stop is not completed the decompression model will penalize your next dive(s).

**⚠ WARNING: YOUR ACTUAL ASCENT TIME MAY BE LONGER THAN DISPLAYED BY THE INSTRUMENT!** The ascent time will increase if you: (1) remain at depth, (2) ascend slower than 10 m/min (33 ft/min), (3) make your decompression stop deeper than at the ceiling, (4) and/or forget to change the used gas mixture. These factors might also increase the amount of breathing gas required to reach the surface.

**⚠ WARNING: NEVER ASCEND ABOVE THE CEILING!** You must not ascend above the ceiling during your decompression. In order to avoid doing so by accident, you should stay somewhat below the ceiling.

**⚠ WARNING:** *DO NOT DIVE WITH A GAS IF YOU HAVE NOT PERSONALLY VERIFIED ITS CONTENTS AND ENTERED THE ANALYZED VALUE INTO YOUR DIVE COMPUTER! Failure to verify cylinder contents and enter the appropriate gas values where applicable into your dive computer will result in incorrect dive planning information.*

**⚠ WARNING:** *Diving with gas mixtures exposes you to risks that are different from those associated with diving with standard air. These risks are not obvious, and require training to understand and avoid. Risks include possible serious injury or death.*

**⚠ WARNING:** *Traveling to a higher elevation can temporarily cause a change in the equilibrium of dissolved nitrogen in the body. It is recommended that you acclimatize to the new altitude by waiting at least three hours before diving.*

**⚠ WARNING:** *WHEN THE OXYGEN LIMIT FRACTION INDICATES THAT THE MAXIMUM LIMIT IS REACHED, YOU MUST IMMEDIATELY TAKE ACTION TO REDUCE OXYGEN EXPOSURE. Failure to take action to reduce oxygen exposure after the warning is given can rapidly increase the risk of oxygen toxicity, injury, or death.*

**⚠ WARNING:** *When diving with multiple gases, remember that the ascent time is always calculated with the assumption that you use all the gases found in the Gas(es) menu. Always check that you have only the gases for your current planned dive defined before you dive. Remove the gases that are not available for the dive.*

**⚠ WARNING:** *If there are several divers using the dive computer with wireless transmission, always ensure that each diver is using a different code before starting the dive.*

**⚠ WARNING:** *Personal adjustment setting P0–P-2 causes a high risk of DCS, or other personal injury, and death.*

**⚠ WARNING:** *Using a dive planner software such as in Suunto DM5 is not a substitute for proper dive training. Diving with mixed gases has dangers that are not familiar to divers diving with air. To dive with Trimix, Triox, Heliox and Nitrox or all of them, divers must have specialized training for the type of diving they are doing.*

**⚠ WARNING:** *Always use realistic SAC rates and conservative turn pressures during dive planning. Overly optimistic or erroneous gas planning can result in the exhaustion of breathing gas during decompression or in a cave or a wreck.*

**⚠ WARNING:** *ENSURE THE WATER RESISTANCE OF THE DEVICE!*  
Moisture inside the device and/or battery compartment may seriously damage the unit. Only an authorized SUUNTO service center should do service activities.

**⚠ WARNING:** *Do not use Suunto USB Cable in areas where flammable gases are present. Doing so may cause an explosion.*

**⚠ WARNING:** *Do not disassemble or remodel Suunto USB Cable in any way. Doing so may cause an electric shock or fire.*

**⚠ WARNING:** *Do not use if Suunto USB Cable or parts are damaged.*

**⚠ CAUTION:** *Only use within specified operating temperatures.*

**⚠ CAUTION:** *Only use Suunto USB Cable with Suunto dive computers. Check compatibility before use.*

**⚠ CAUTION:** *Only use a clean and dry Suunto USB Cable. Clean and dry the connector surfaces before use to prevent damage to the Suunto dive computer.*

 **CAUTION:** Only attach Suunto USB Cable to the data transfer contact on the Suunto dive computer.

 **CAUTION:** Never lift or carry your cylinder by holding the wireless tank pressure transmitter as this may break the cover and cause flooding of the unit. If your cylinder falls down with the transmitter attached to the regulator first stage, ensure that the transmitter has not been damaged before diving with it.

 **NOTE:** After using dive computer in gauge mode, the no-fly time is always 48 hours.

## 2 GETTING STARTED

### 2.1 Display states and views

Suunto EON Steel has two main views in surface and dive states: time/no deco, and compass. Change the view by pressing the middle button.



 **NOTE:** Main views can be customized. See 3.9 Customization.

Suunto EON Steel automatically switches between surface and dive state. If you are more than 1.2 m (4 ft) below the water level, the dive state is activated.

The following display shows Suunto EON Steel when tank pressure screen is in use:



- Present depth is 19.0 m
- Active gas is Nitrox 32%
- Dive time is 22 minutes
- Tank pressure left is 120 bar
- No decompression time is 50 minutes
- Safety stop is ahead at 3.0 meters
- 21 hours of dive time left

## 2.2 Icons

Suunto EON Steel uses the following icons:



No-fly time



Surface (interval) time



Battery status (for device: charging, ok, low; for Tank POD: ok, low)



Battery level. Number indicates remaining hours of diving



Tank / gas pressure information



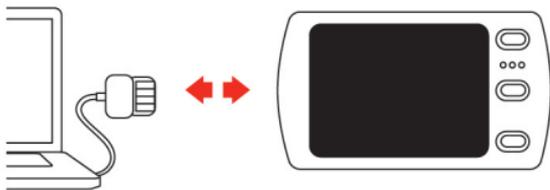
Tank POD alert (device is not receiving signal from Tank POD)

## 2.3 Set up

To get the most out of your Suunto EON Steel , use some time to customize features and displays. Make absolutely sure that you know your computer and have it set up as you want before getting into the water.

To get started

1. Wake up the device by connecting the USB cable to PC/Mac (or USB power source if available).



2. Follow the startup wizard to set up the device. When ready, the device goes to surface state.



### 3. Fully charge before first dive.

The startup wizard guides you through:

- Units settings
- Time format (12h/24h)
- Date format (dd.mm / mm.dd)
- Connecting with DM5 (optional)

## 3 FEATURES

### 3.1 About Suunto EON Steel

Information about your Suunto EON Steel can be found under **General / About EON**. This information includes device history, software version and radio compliance.

To access Suunto EON Steel information

1. Keep middle button pressed to enter the main menu.
2. Scroll to **GENERAL** with the upper or lower buttons and press the middle button.
3. Press the middle button to enter **About EON**.

### 3.2 Alarms, warnings and notifications

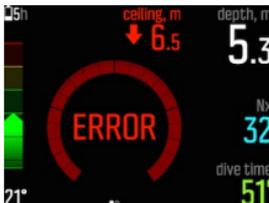
Suunto EON Steel has color-coded alarms, warnings and notifications. They are shown prominently on the display with an audible alarm (if tones are on). Alarms are always red. Warnings may be red or yellow. Notifications are always yellow.

Alarms are critical events that always require immediate action. When an alarm situation comes back to normal, the alarm will stop automatically. Warnings can be acknowledged by pressing any button, then take appropriate action.

Alarm	Explanation
-------	-------------



Ascent speed exceeds safe speed of 10 m (33 ft) per minute for five seconds or more.



Decompression ceiling broken by more than 0.6 m (2 ft) on a decompression dive. Immediately descend back below ceiling depth and continue to ascend normally.



Partial pressure of oxygen exceeds safe level (>1.6). Immediately ascend or change to a gas with lower oxygen percentage.

Alarm	Explanation
-------	-------------



Partial pressure of oxygen below safe level (<0.18). Immediately descend or change to a gas with higher oxygen percentage.

When an alarm, warning, or notification occurs, a message is displayed as a pop-up. Pop-up messages can be acknowledged by pressing any button. The information needing attention remains on screen or as a scrollable element in the bottom field until the situation is back to normal.

Warnings alert you to events that can impact your health and safety if you do not take action. Acknowledge the warning by pressing any button.

Warning	Explanation
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**CNS100%**

Central nervous system toxicity level at 100% limit

**OTU300**

Recommended daily limit for Oxygen tolerance unit reached

**SAFETY STOP BROKEN**

Safety stop ceiling broken by more than 0.6 m (2 ft)

<b>Warning</b>	<b>Explanation</b>
<b>DEPTH</b>	Depth exceeds your depth alarm limit
<b>DIVE TIME</b>	Dive time exceeds your dive time alarm limit
<b>TANK PRESSURE</b>	Tank pressure exceeds your tank pressure alarm limit

Notifications indicate events that require preventive actions. Acknowledge the notification by pressing any button.

<b>Notification</b>	<b>Explanation</b>
<b>CNS80%</b>	Central nervous system toxicity level at 80% limit
<b>OTU250</b>	Approximately 80% of recommended daily limit for OTU reached
<b>BETTER GAS AVAILABLE</b>	On multi-gas dive when ascending, it is safe to switch to next available gas for optimum decompression profile
<b>LOW BATTERY</b>	Approximately three hours of dive time left
<b>RE-CHARGE NEEDED</b>	Approximately two hours of battery time left; re-charging required before next dive

Notification	Explanation
TANK POD LOW BATTERY	Tank POD battery life low; battery change required

### 3.2.1 Configurable alarms

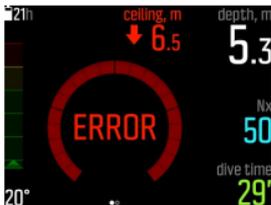
There are three configurable alarms: depth, dive time and tank pressure alarm. These alarm settings can be found under **Diving settings / Alarms**. Each of these alarms can have its own limit and be separately turned on or off.

 **NOTE:** Tank pressure reading turns red if it goes below 50 bar (720 psi).

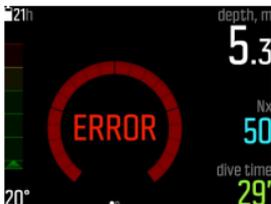
## 3.3 Algorithm lock

Suunto Fused™ RGBM algorithm is locked for 48 hours if you omit decompression stops for longer than three (3) minutes. When the algorithm is locked, no algorithm information is available and **ERROR** is shown instead. Locking the algorithm is a safety feature, highlighting that the algorithm information is no longer valid.

When you ascend above the decompression ceiling by more than 0.6 m (2 ft), **ERROR** is shown prominently and an audio alarm is generated.



In such a condition, you should descend back below the ceiling level to continue the decompression. If you fail to do so within three (3) minutes, Suunto EON Steel locks the algorithm calculation and displays **ERROR** instead, as shown below. Note that the ceiling value is no longer present.



In this state, you significantly increase your risk of decompression sickness (DCS). Decompression information is not available for the next 48 hours after surfacing.

It is possible to dive with the device when the algorithm is locked, but instead of the decompression information, **ERROR** is shown. Going to dive mode when algorithm is locked resets the algorithm lock time back to 48 hours when you surface.

### 3.4 Ascent rate

During a dive, the bar on the left indicates ascent rate. One bar step corresponds to 2 m (6.6 ft) per minute.

The bar is also color coded:

- **Green** indicates ascent rate is ok, less than 8 m (26.2 ft) per minute
- **Yellow** indicates ascent rate is moderately high, 8-10 m (26-33 ft) per minute
- **Red** indicates ascent rate is too high, over 10 m (33 ft) per minute



When maximum allowed ascent rate is exceeded for five seconds, an alarm is generated. Ascent rate violations result in longer safety stop times.

### 3.5 Battery

Suunto EON Steel has a rechargeable lithium-ion battery. Charge the battery by connecting Suunto EON Steel to a power source with the included USB cable. As a power source use either your computer USB port or wall charger.

The battery icon in the upper-left corner of the display shows the battery status. To the right of the battery icon is the estimated remaining dive time in hours.

Icon	Explanation
	Estimated remaining dive time is 27 hours; no immediate need to recharge
	Estimated remaining dive time is three (3) hours or less; recharge needed
	Estimated remaining dive time is less than one (1) hour; recharge immediately
	Battery is charging, showing current charge level as remaining dive time

When the charge level drops below 2 (two) hours, you cannot start a dive with Suunto EON Steel . A pop-up message indicates recharge is needed.



## 3.6 Bookmark

Keep the lower button pressed to add a bookmark (timestamp and heading) to the active log for later reference.



## 3.7 Calendar clock

Time and date settings are found under **General / Device settings / Time & date**.

Time and date formats are found under **General / Device settings / Units and formats**.

Time change time and date

1. Keep the middle button pressed to enter menu.
2. Browse to **General / Device settings / Time & date**.
3. Scroll to **Set time** or **Set date** with the upper or lower button.
4. Press the middle button to enter the setting.
5. Adjust the setting with the upper or lower button.
6. Press the middle button to move to the next setting.
7. Press again the middle button when last value is set to save and go back to **Time & date** menu.
8. Keep middle button pressed to exit when done.

To change time and date formats

1. Keep the middle button pressed to enter menu.
2. Browse to **General / Device settings / Units and formats**.
3. Scroll to **Time format** or **Date format** with the upper or lower button.
4. Follow steps 5-8 as above to change and save formats.

## 3.8 Compass

Suunto EON Steel includes a tilt-compensated digital compass, available as a main view.



### 3.8.1 Calibrating compass

When you first start using Suunto EON Steel , the compass needs to be calibrated. Suunto EON Steel displays the calibration icon when you enter the compass view. Calibrate the compass by slowly rotating the unit in your hand in large figure-8 loops. During the calibration process, the compass adjusts itself to the surrounding magnetic field.



Because of changes in the surrounding magnetic field, it is recommended to re-calibrate the compass before each dive.

To manually start calibration:

1. Keep the middle button pressed to enter the menu.
2. Browse to **General / Compass**.
3. Press the middle button to enter **Compass**.
4. Scroll up or down to select **Calibrate**.
5. Start calibration by moving the device around in a 3D figure-8 as the image suggests.
6. A sound indicates the calibration succeeded, and the screen goes back to **Compass** menu.

 **NOTE:** *If the calibration fails several times in a row, you may be in an area with strong sources of magnetism, such as large metal objects. Move to another location and try to calibrate the compass again.*

### 3.8.2 Setting declination

You should always adjust your compass declination for the area where you are diving to get accurate compass readings. Check the

local declination from a trusted source and set the value in Suunto EON Steel .

To manually start calibration:

1. Keep the middle button pressed to enter the menu.
2. Browse to **General / Compass**.
3. Press the middle button to enter **Compass**.
4. Press the middle button again to enter **Declination**.
5. Scroll up/down to set the angle of declination: Starting from 0.0 scroll up towards East or down towards West declination.  
To turn declination off, set declination angle to 0.0 .
6. Press middle button to save changes and go back to the **Compass** menu.
7. Keep the middle button pressed to exit.

### 3.9 Customization

You can customize Suunto EON Steel views and features with Suunto DM5. Create up to 10 different dive modes with up to four custom views each.

To customize Suunto EON Steel :

1. Download and install Suunto DM5 from <http://www.suunto.com/DM5>.
2. Connect your Suunto EON Steel to the computer with the USB cable.
3. In the devices window, select Suunto EON Steel .
4. Select the **Customization** tab. You can create new dive modes and modify existing ones.

 **NOTE:** When creating or modifying dive modes, you need to synchronize the changes with your Suunto EON Steel before disconnecting the USB cable to save the changes to your device.

Customization is divided into four categories:

- Dive mode name
- Dive algorithm
- Gas settings
- Customize views

## Dive mode (name)

Maximum length of the name is 15 characters. Use something short and simple that helps you identify easily the features and information that you have customized on this mode.

## Dive algorithm

You can select to use Suunto Fused™ RGBM or no algorithm (see [3.23 Suunto Fused RGBM](#)). If you select no algorithm, Suunto EON Steel functions as a gauge (bottom timer) in that mode. If you select Suunto Fused RGBM, you have two additional options: personal setting (algorithm conservatism) and altitude setting.

## Gas settings

Here you configure what you see under the **Gas(es)** menu in Suunto EON Steel . The multiple gases option can be turned on or off. Turn it on to be able to dive with multiple gases. When turned off, the gas menu is simplified and easier to use with only one gas.

Helium can also be turned on or off. If you turn this off, you cannot see the helium component for any gases.

The gas max pO<sub>2</sub> setting can be set to manual or fixed. The fixed option means that the selected value is used for all gases and the option to manually edit them in the **Gas(es)** menu is disabled. When manual is selected, you can edit the gas max pO<sub>2</sub> for each gas individually in the **Gas(es)** menu.

## Customize views

For each dive mode, you can create up to four custom views. For each view, there are two areas of view customization: style and content.

The style of the mode can be graphical or classic. Graphical style presents information with additional visual elements:



With classic, information is presented in the traditional manner using numbers:



Within each view of the mode, you can define what information is shown in customizable fields. When editing the view in DM5, you get a preview of how it will look on your Suunto EON Steel .

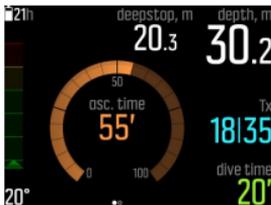
In each view, you can select multiple values for the field in the lower right corner. When you use the view in Suunto EON Steel , you can change what is shown in the field by pushing the lower button.

### 3.10 Decompression dives

If you exceed the no-decompression limit on a dive, Suunto EON Steel provides the decompression information required for ascent. Ascent information is always presented with two values:

- **ceiling:** depth that you should not go above
- **asc. time:** optimum ascent time in minutes to surface with given gases

Below is a typical decompression dive view showing ascent time and the first required deepstop at 20.3 meters:



On a decompression dive, there could be three kinds of stops:

- Safety stop
- Deepstop
- Decompression stop

Though not recommended, you may break (ignore) deepstops and safety stops. Suunto EON Steel penalizes such actions with additional stops or other measures, either during the dive or on following dives.

Suunto EON Steel shows the ceiling value always from the deepest of these stops. Deepstop and safety stop ceilings are always at constant depth when you are at the stop. Stop time is counted down in minutes and seconds.

Below is an example of what Suunto EON Steel displays during deepstop:



Below is an example of what Suunto EON Steel displays during safety stop:



With decompression stops, the ceiling is always decreasing while you are near the ceiling depth, providing continuous decompression with optimum ascent time.

Below is an example of what Suunto EON Steel looks like on decompression stop:



 **NOTE:** *It is always recommended to keep close to the decompression ceiling when ascending.*

Ascent time is always the minimum time needed to reach the surface. It includes:

- Time required to do deepstops
- Ascent time from depth at 10 m (32.8 ft) per minute
- Time needed for decompression
- Time needed for extra safety stops if ascending too fast during the dive

 **WARNING:** *Your actual ascent time may be longer than displayed by Suunto EON Steel . It may be longer if your ascending speed is slower than 10 m (32.8 ft) per minute or you are doing a decompression stop deeper than the recommended ceiling. Take this into account, since it might increase the amount of required breathing gas to reach the surface.*

## 3.11 Display brightness

The brightness of the display can be adjusted under **General / Device settings / Brightness**. The default value is 50%.

## 3.12 Dive history

Dive history is a summary of all the dives done with your Suunto EON Steel . The history is divided by the type of dive: Air, Nitrox, Trimix and Gauge dives are logged separately. Each type summary

includes the number of dives, cumulative dive hours and maximum depth.



### 3.13 Dive modes

By default Suunto EON Steel has three different dive modes: Air/Nitrox, Trimix and Gauge (bottom timer). Select the appropriate mode for your dive under **Dive settings / Mode**.

 **NOTE:** *Air/Nitrox dive mode is a single gas mode. The **Gas(es)** menu under this mode will not allow you to add more than one gas. However, this can be changed through customization. See 3.9 Customization.*

 **NOTE:** *All default dive modes use the graphical interface style. You can change this and other settings, as well as create additional dive modes using Suunto DM5. See 3.9 Customization.*

Air/Nitrox and Trimix modes are intended for diving with decompression information, like no decompression stop time or decompression ceiling/ascent time.

By default the decompression algorithm used in Suunto EON Steel is Suunto Fused™ RGBM. For more information about the algorithm, see *3.23 Suunto Fused RGBM*.

Gauge is a bottom timer mode and thus has no decompression information or calculation included.

 **NOTE:** *After diving in gauge mode, decompression calculation is locked for 48 hours. If during this time you dive with Air/Nitrox or Trimix mode, there is no decompression calculation available and **ERROR** is shown in decompression information fields.*

### 3.14 Gas mixtures

If Nitrox or Trimix dive mode is selected, you need to define the gas(es) for the decompression algorithm to work properly. You define the gases under **Menu / Gas(es)**. In Nitrox mode, gas will have only oxygen (O2%). Trimix mode has helium (He%) available, and there is also the possibility to choose multiple gases.

 **NOTE:** *When you have analyzed your gas, you should round the result down when entering it for EON Steel. For example, if the analyzed gas is 31.8% oxygen, then define the gas as 31%. This makes the decompression calculations safer. Oxygen calculations (pO2, OTU, CNS%) are also kept conservative, since the oxygen percent used for those are O2% + 1.*

 **NOTE:** You can customize what you see in the **Gas(es)** menu. See 3.9 Customization.

It is important to understand how the **Gas(es)** menu works on Trimix mode, where you can make use of multiple gases. In the example below, the menu has three gases and tx18/45 is selected as the active gas. Even though only one gas is active, the decompression algorithm calculates ascent time (during dive) using all these three gases.

To select another active gas:

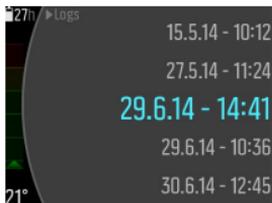
1. While in the **Gas(es)** menu, press the middle button to see gas options.
2. Scroll with upper or lower buttons to highlight Select.
3. Press the middle button again to confirm.



If you are diving with only one gas, ensure you have only that one gas in the **Gas(es)** menu. Otherwise, Suunto EON Steel expects you to use all gases in the list and notifies you to change gases during the dive.

## 3.15 Logbook

Dive logs can be found under **Menu / Logs**. By default, they are listed by date and time.



Dive log details and profile can be browsed by scrolling through the log with upper or lower button and selecting it with the middle button.

Each dive log contains data samples with fixed 10-second intervals. The dive profile includes a cursor for browsing the logged data, scrollable with upper and lower buttons. For more detailed log analyses, upload the dive(s) to Suunto DM5 (see *3.22 Suunto DM5 and Movescount*).



When the logbook memory gets full, the oldest dives are deleted to make space for new ones.

 **NOTE:** *If you surface and then dive again within five minutes, Suunto EON Steel counts this as one dive.*

## 3.16 Multi-gas diving

Suunto EON Steel allows gas changes during a dive between the gases defined in the **Gas(es)** menu. When ascending, you are always notified to change gases when a better gas is available.

For example, you may have the following gases when diving to 55 m (180.5 ft):

- tx18/45, MOD 58m
- tx50/10, MOD 21m
- oxygen, MOD 6m

While ascending, you are notified to change gas at 21 m (70 ft) and 6 m (19.7 ft) according to the maximum operating depth (MOD) of the gas.

A pop-up notifies you when to change gases, as shown below:



 **WARNING:** *When diving with multiple gases, remember that the ascent time is always calculated with the assumption that you use all the gases found in the **Gas(es)** menu. Always check that you have only the gases for your current planned dive defined before you dive. Remove the gases that are not available for the dive.*

## 3.17 Oxygen calculations

During a dive, Suunto EON Steel calculates partial pressure of oxygen (pO<sub>2</sub>), central nervous system toxicity (CNS%) and pulmonary oxygen toxicity, tracked by OTU (oxygen toxicity units). The oxygen calculations are based on currently accepted exposure time limit tables and principles.

By default in Air/Nitrox dive mode, CNS% and OTU values are not displayed until they reach 80% of their recommended limits. When either value reaches 80%, EON Steel notifies you and the value stays in the view. In default Trimix mode, CNS% and OTU values are displayed in the bottom-right corner field as scrollable info.

 **NOTE:** *You can customize views to always show CNS% and OTU.*

## 3.18 Personal and altitude adjustments

There are several factors that can affect your susceptibility to DCS. Such factors vary between divers, as well as from one day to another.

The personal factors which tend to increase the possibility of DCS include:

- exposure to low temperature – water temperature less than 20 °C (68 °F)
- below average physical fitness level
- fatigue
- dehydration
- stress
- obesity
- patent foramen ovale (PFO)
- exercise before or after dive

The five-step personal setting can be used to adjust the algorithm conservatism to fit your DCS susceptibility. You can find the setting under **Menu / Dive settings / Parameters / Personal**.

Personal level	Explanation
More aggressive (-2)	Ideal conditions, excellent physical fitness, highly experienced with a lot of dives in the near past
Aggressive (-1)	Ideal conditions, good physical fitness, well experienced with dives in the near past
Default (0)	Ideal conditions (default value)
Conservative (+1)	Some risk factors or conditions exist
More conservative (+2)	Several risk factors or conditions exist

In addition to the personal setting, Suunto EON Steel can be adjusted for diving at different altitudes. This setting automatically adjusts the decompression calculation according to the given altitude range. You can find the setting under **Menu / Dive settings / Parameters / Altitude** and select from three ranges:

- 0 – 300 m (0 – 980 ft) (default)
- 300 – 1500 m (980 – 4900 ft)
- 1500 – 3000 m (4900 – 9800 ft)

 **WARNING:** *Traveling to a higher altitude can temporarily cause a change in the equilibrium of dissolved nitrogen in the body. It is recommended that you acclimatize to the new altitude by waiting at least three (3) hours before diving.*

### 3.19 Safety stops and deepstops

A three (3) minute safety stop is always recommended for every dive over 10 meters (19.7 ft).

The time for a safety stop is calculated when you are between 2.4 and 6 m (7.9 and 19.7 ft). This is presented with up/down arrows in front of the stop depth. The safety stop time is shown in minutes and seconds. The time may exceed three (3) minutes if you ascend too fast during dive.



Deepstops activate when you dive deeper than 20 m (65.6 ft). Deepstops are presented like safety stops. You are in the deepstop area when the deepstop depth has up/down arrows in front of it and deepstop time is running.



### 3.20 Sample rate

Suunto EON Steel uses a fixed sample rate of 10 seconds for all log recordings.

### 3.21 Surface and no-fly time

After a dive, Suunto EON Steel displays surface time since the previous dive and a countdown time for recommended no-fly time. During the no-fly time, flying or traveling to higher altitude should be avoided.



No-fly time is always at least 12 hours and equals desaturation time when it is more than 12 hours. For desaturation times shorter than 70 minutes, no no-fly time is displayed.

If decompression is omitted during a dive so that Suunto EON Steel enters permanent error mode (see *3.3 Algorithm lock*), the no-fly time is always 48 hours. Similarly, if dive is done in gauge mode (bottom timer), the no-fly time is 48 hours.

## 3.22 Suunto DM5 and Movescount

The Suunto DM5 software program allows you to track and analyze all of your dive logs and plan your future dives. With DM5 you can customize your Suunto EON Steel and update the device firmware. Download Suunto DM5 from [www.suunto.com/dm5](http://www.suunto.com/dm5).



**NOTE:** *Mono framework is required when using DM5 on a Mac.*

Movescount is an online sports community that integrates with Suunto DM5. Through Movescount you can share your dives with others.

### 3.22.1 Synchronizing logs and settings

To be able to synchronize logs and settings, you need to first install Suunto DM5 (see *3.22 Suunto DM5 and Movescount*).

To download logs from your Suunto EON Steel and sync settings:

1. Start Suunto DM5.

If you are also using Suunto Moveslink, exit Moveslink before proceeding.

2. Connect your Suunto EON Steel to your computer with the USB cable.
3. Wait for the syncing to complete.

New dive logs appear in the DM5 **Dives** list on the left sorted by date and time.

### 3.22.2 Updating firmware

Suunto DM5 is required to install new firmware for your Suunto EON Steel . If a new firmware version is available, you are notified when you plug in the USB cable.

Before updating the firmware, make sure the USB is securely connected. The cable must not be unplugged until update process is completed.

To update firmware:

1. Select Suunto EON Steel from the devices list in DM5

If you are also using Suunto Moveslink, exit Moveslink before proceeding.

2. Synchronize if needed.

3. Click update and wait for the update process to complete. This may take 10 minutes or more.

### **3.23 Suunto Fused RGBM**

Suunto's decompression model development originates from the 1980s when Suunto implemented Bühlmann's model based on M-values in Suunto SME. Since then research and development has been ongoing with the help of both external and internal experts.

In the late 1990s, Suunto implemented Dr. Bruce Wienke's RGBM (Reduced Gradient Bubble Model) bubble model to work with the earlier M-value based model. The first commercial products with the feature were the iconic Suunto Vyper and Suunto Stinger. With these products the improvement of diver safety was significant as they addressed a number of diving circumstances outside the range of dissolved-gas-only models by:

- Monitoring continuous multiday diving
- Computing closely spaced repetitive diving
- Reacting to a dive deeper than the previous dive
- Adapting to rapid ascents which produce high microbubble (silent-bubble) build-up
- Incorporating consistency with real physical laws for gas kinetics

In Suunto Fused™ RGBM the tissue half-times are derived from Wienke's FullRGBM where human body is modeled by fifteen different tissue groups. FullRGBM can utilize these additional tissues and model the on-gassing and off-gassing more accurately. The amounts of nitrogen and helium on-gassing and off-gassing in the tissues are calculated independently from each other.

The advantage of Suunto Fused RGBM is additional safety through its ability to adapt to a wide variety of situations. For recreational divers it may offer slightly longer no-deco times, depending on the chosen personal setting. For open-circuit technical divers it allows use of gas mixes with helium - on deeper and longer dives helium based gas mixes provide shorter ascent times. And finally, for rebreather divers the Suunto Fused RGBM algorithm gives the perfect tool to be used as a non-monitoring, set point dive computer.

### 3.23.1 Diver safety

Because any decompression model is purely theoretical and does not monitor the actual body of a diver, no decompression model can guarantee the absence of DCS. Experimentally it has been shown that the body adapts to decompression to some degree when diving is constant and frequent. Two personal adjustment settings (P-1 and P-2) are available for divers who dive constantly and are ready to accept greater personal risk.

**⚠ CAUTION:** *Always use the same personal and altitude adjustment settings for the actual dive than for the planning. Increasing the personal adjustment setting from the planned setting as well as increasing the altitude adjustment setting can lead to longer decompression times deeper and thus to larger required gas volume. You can run out of breathing gas underwater if the personal adjustment setting has been changed after dive planning.*

### **3.23.2 Altitude diving**

The atmospheric pressure is lower at high altitudes than at sea level. After traveling to a higher altitude, you will have additional nitrogen in your body, compared to the equilibrium situation at the original altitude. This 'additional' nitrogen is released gradually over time and equilibrium is restored. It is recommended that you acclimatize to a new altitude by waiting at least three hours before making a dive.

Before high-altitude diving, you need to adjust the altitude settings of your dive computer so that the calculations take into account the high altitude. The maximum partial pressures of nitrogen allowed by the mathematical model of the dive computer are reduced according to the lower ambient pressure.

As a result, the allowed no decompression stop limits are considerably reduced.

### **3.23.3 Oxygen exposure**

The oxygen exposure calculations are based on currently accepted exposure time limit tables and principles. In addition to this, the dive computer uses several methods to conservatively estimate the oxygen exposure. For example:

- The displayed oxygen exposure calculations are raised to the next higher percentage value.
- The CNS% limits up to 1.6 bar (23.2 psi) are based on 1991 NOAA Diving Manual limits.
- The OTU monitoring is based on the long-term daily tolerance level and the recovery rate is reduced.

Oxygen related information displayed by the dive computer is also designed to ensure that all warnings and displays occur at the appropriate phases of a dive. For example, the following information is provided before and during a dive when the computer is set in Air/Nitrox or Trimix:

- The selected O<sub>2</sub>% (and possible helium %)
- CNS% and OTU
- Audible notification when CNS% reaches 80%, then notification when 100% limit is exceeded
- Notifications when OTU reaches 250 and then again when 300 limit is exceeded
- Audible alarm when pO<sub>2</sub> value exceeds the preset limit (pO<sub>2</sub> high alarm)
- Audible alarm when pO<sub>2</sub> value is < 0.18 (pO<sub>2</sub> low alarm)

### **3.23.4 Isobaric counterdiffusion (ICD)**

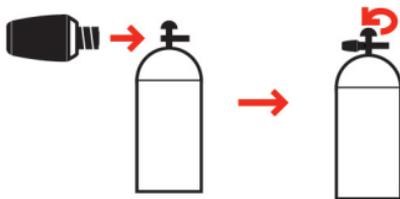
ICD is the term used to describe the physiologic effect when the diffusion of different gases occurs in opposite directions while under a constant ambient pressure. Particularly in diving, the gases are nitrogen and helium. ICD can produce the formation of bubbles in tissues where the sum of helium and nitrogen pressures exceeds ambient pressure. This situation may occur with trimix divers when they change to a deco gas containing markedly less helium and more nitrogen than the previous mix. To avoid ICD, it is advisable to carefully plan the gas changes so that the nitrogen percentage does not drastically increase with each change.

## 3.24 Tank pressure

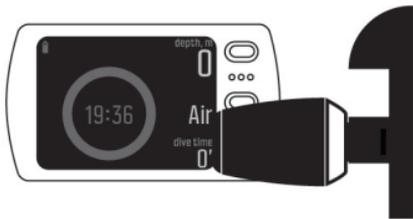
Your Suunto EON Steel can be used with multiple Suunto Tank PODs for wireless tank pressure transmission.

To install and pair a Suunto Tank POD:

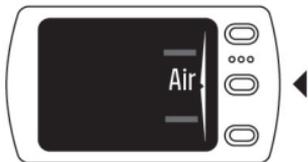
1. Install the Tank POD and open the valve.



2. Wait for green LED on Tank POD to flash.
3. If your Suunto EON Steel has a blank screen, press any key to activate it.
4. Hold your Suunto EON Steel close to the Tank POD as shown.



5. After a few seconds, a menu pops up on the screen showing the Tank POD serial number, battery status and the tank pressure. From the menu, select the correct gas for that Tank POD.



Repeat the procedure above for additional Tank PODs and select different gases for each POD.

 **NOTE:** *You cannot pair another Tank POD unless you have a second gas defined in Suunto EON Steel .*

Alternatively, you can select which Tank POD to use with each gas by selecting a Tank POD for the gas in question in the **Gas(es)** menu. When using this method, ensure the Tank POD has been activated by ensuring there is tank pressure reading in screen and that it is within range. In the menu, the Tank POD is identified by the serial number printed on the Tank POD.

In the dive main views, only one tank pressure is shown and corresponds to the active gas. When the gas is changed, the displayed tank pressure is also changed accordingly.

## 3.25 Timer

Suunto EON Steel has a timer that can be used for timing specific actions during surface or dive. The timer is shown in bottom-right corner as scrollable item.

 **NOTE:** *The timer can also be customized to be in graphical style as an analog watch in the center of the display.*

To use the timer:

1. While diving, press upper button to start the timer.
2. Press again the upper button to pause the timer.
3. Keep the upper button pressed to reset the timer.

Timer start and stop actions are saved to the dive log.

## 3.26 Water contacts

The water contact is located on the side of the case near the USB cable port. When submerged, the water contact poles are connected by the conductivity of the water. Suunto EON Steel switches to dive state when water is detected and the depth gauge senses water pressure at 1.2 m (4 ft).

## 4 CARE AND SUPPORT

### 4.1 Handling guidelines

Handle Suunto EON Steel with care. The sensitive internal electronic components may be damaged if the device is dropped or otherwise mishandled.

Do not try to open or repair Suunto EON Steel by yourself. If you are experiencing problems with the device, please contact your nearest authorized Suunto Service Center.

Wash and dry the dive computer after use. Rinse very carefully after any salt-water dive.

Pay special attention to the pressure sensor area, water contacts, pushers, and USB cable port. If you use the USB cable before washing the dive computer, the cable (device end) should be rinsed as well.

After use, rinse it with fresh water, mild soap, and carefully clean the housing with a moist soft cloth or chamois.

 **NOTE:** *Do not leave your Suunto EON Steel in a bucket of water (for rinsing). The display stays on under water and consumes battery life.*

Use only original Suunto accessories - damage caused by non-original accessories is not covered by warranty.



*TIP: Remember to register your Suunto EON Steel at [www.suunto.com/support](http://www.suunto.com/support) to get personalized support.*

## 4.2 Installing scratch guard

Use the provided scratch guard to help protect your Suunto EON Steel from scratches.

To install the scratch guard:

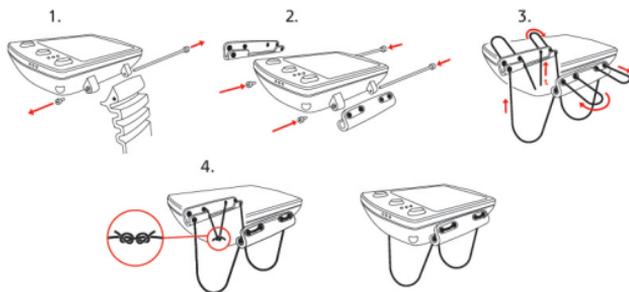
1. Ensure the display glass is clean and dry.
2. Peel back the protective layer from one end of the scratch guard.
3. Place exposed adhesive side down squarely on one end of the display.
4. Pull back the protective layer from the scratch guard.
5. Press out any air bubbles with a soft, straight edge tool.

## 4.3 Changing strap to bungee

You can change between the wrist strap and bungee as needed. The bungee is provided as an option.

To install the bungee:

1. Remove both strap ends using a TORX T7 (non-IP) screwdriver.
2. Attach the bungee adapters.
3. Thread the cord through both adapters.
4. Securely tie the ends of the bungee cord and cut off excess cord.



## 4.4 Charging battery

Fully charged, Suunto EON Steel provides min. 20 hours of dive time. The expected lifetime of the rechargeable lithium-ion battery is 500 cycles.

Charge Suunto EON Steel with the supplied USB cable. Connect the cable to a USB wall charger or a computer USB port. If the battery is very low, the display remains dark while charging until the battery has reached an adequate charge level.

**⚠ CAUTION:** *DO NOT use the USB cable when Suunto EON Steel is wet. This may cause an electrical failure.*

 **NOTE:** *When connected, you may experience a tingling sensation when touching a metallic computer housing and Suunto EON Steel . This is caused by a minor electrical current created when the wall plug to the computer is not grounded.*

 **CAUTION:** *DO NOT allow the connector pins of the USB cable to touch any conductive surface. This may short circuit the cable, making it unusable.*

Rechargeable batteries have a limited number of charge cycles and may eventually need to be replaced. The battery should be replaced only by authorized Suunto Service Centers.

## 4.5 Getting support

To get additional support, visit [www.suunto.com/support](http://www.suunto.com/support). There you will find a comprehensive range of support materials, including Questions and Answers and instruction videos. You can also post questions directly to Suunto or email/call Suunto support professionals.

There are also many how-to videos on the Suunto YouTube channel at [www.youtube.com/user/MovesCountbySuunto](http://www.youtube.com/user/MovesCountbySuunto).

We recommend registering your product at [www.suunto.com/support/](http://www.suunto.com/support/) to get the best personalized support from Suunto.

To get support from Suunto:

1. First visit [Suunto.com](http://Suunto.com) ([www.suunto.com/support](http://www.suunto.com/support)) to see if your question has been asked/answered already.

2. If you cannot find an answer to your question online, try emailing Suunto at [support@suunto.com](mailto:support@suunto.com).
3. Call Suunto. See the latest list of numbers on the last page of this guide or at [www.suunto.com/support](http://www.suunto.com/support).

Suunto's qualified customer support staff will help you and, if needed, troubleshoot your product during the call.

## 5 REFERENCE

### 5.1 Technical specifications

#### Dimensions and weight:

- Length: 104.6 mm / 4.12 in
- Width: 60.5 mm / 2.38 in
- Height: 23.1 mm / 0.91 in
- Weight: 347 g / 12.2 oz

#### Operating conditions

- Normal altitude range: 0 to 3,000 m / 10,000 ft above sea level
- Operating temperature: 0°C to 40°C / 32°F to 104°F
- Storage temperature: -20°C to +50°C / -4°F to +122°F
- Expected lifetime: 10 years of normal use (50 dives/year); excludes battery and strap/bungee
- Maintenance cycle: 500 hours of diving or two years, whichever comes first



**NOTE:** Do not leave the dive computer in direct sunlight!

#### Depth gauge

- Temperature compensated pressure sensor
- Maximum depth of operation: 150 m / 492 ft (complying with EN 13319)
- Maximum static pressure: 15 bar (complying with EN 13319 and ISO 6425)

- Accuracy:  $\pm 1\%$  of full scale or better from 0 to 150 m / 492 ft at 20°C / 68°F (complying with EN 13319)
- Depth display range: 0 to 300 m / 984 ft
- Resolution: 0.1 m from 0 to 100 m / 1 ft from 0 to 328 ft; 1 m from 100 to 150 m / 1 ft from 328 to 392 ft

## **Temperature display**

- Resolution: 1°C / 1.5 °F
- Display range: -20 to +50°C/-4 to +122°F
- Accuracy:  $\pm 2^\circ\text{C}/\pm 3.6^\circ\text{F}$  within 20 minutes of temperature change

## **Displays in mixed gas dive mode**

- Helium %: 0–95
- Oxygen %: 5–99
- Oxygen partial pressure display: 0.0–3.0 bar
- CNS%: 0–500% with 1% resolution
- OTU: 0-500

## **Other displays**

- Dive time: 0 to 999 min
- Surface time: 0 to 99 h 59 min
- Dive counter: 0 to 99 for repetitive dives
- No-decompression time: 0 to 99 min (>99 above 99)
- Ascent time: 0 to 999 min (- - after 999)
- Ceiling depths: 3.0 to 150 m / 10 to 492 ft

## **Calendar clock**

- Accuracy:  $\pm 25$  s/month (at 20°C/68°F)
- 12/24 h display

## Compass

- Accuracy: +/- 15°
- Resolution: 1°
- Max. tilt: 45 degrees
- Balance: global

## Timer

- Accuracy: 1 second
- Display range: 0'00 – 99'59
- Resolution: 1 second

## Logbook

- Sample rate. 10 seconds
- Memory capacity: approximately 200 hours of diving

## Tissue calculation model

- Suunto Fused™ RGBM algorithm (developed by Suunto and Bruce R. Wienke, BSc, MSc, PhD)
- 15 tissue compartments
- Tissue compartment halftimes for nitrogen: 1, 2, 5, 10, 20, 40, 80, 120, 160, 240, 320, 400, 480, 560 and 720 min. The on-gassing and off-gassing halftimes are the same.
- Tissue compartment halftimes are divided by a constant factor to obtain helium halftimes.
- Reduced gradient (variable) M-values based on diving habit and dive violations. The M-values are tracked up to 100 hours after a dive

- The exposure calculations (CNS% and OTU) are based on recommendations by R.W. Hamilton, PhD and currently accepted exposure time limit tables and principles.

## Battery

- Type: rechargeable lithium-ion
- Battery life: fully charged, min. 20h dive time

The following conditions have an effect on the expected battery lifetime:

- The conditions in which the unit is operated and stored (for example, temperature/cold conditions). Below 10°C/50°F the expected battery lifetime is about 50- 75% of that at 20°C/68°F.
- The quality of the battery. Some lithium batteries may exhaust unexpectedly, which cannot be tested in advance.

 **NOTE:** *Low temperature or an internal oxidation of the battery may activate the battery warning even though the battery has enough capacity. In this case, the warning usually disappears when the dive mode is activated again.*

## 5.2 Compliance

### 5.2.1 CE

Suunto Oy hereby declares that this Suunto EON Steel is in compliance with the essential requirements and other relevant provisions of Directive 1999/5/EC.

## **5.2.2 EN 13319**

EN 13319 is a European diving depth gauge standard. Suunto dive computers are designed to comply with this standard.

## **5.2.3 EN 250 and FIOH**

The tank pressure gauge and dive instrument parts used in measuring the tank pressure meet the requirements set in the section of the European Standard EN 250 that concern tank pressure measurements. FIOH, notified body no.0430, has EC type-examined this type of personal protective equipment.

## **5.2.4 FCC compliance**

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

- (1) this device may not cause harmful interference, and
- (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation. This product has been tested to comply with FCC standards and is intended for home or office use.

Changes or modifications not expressly approved by Suunto could void your authority to operate this device under FCC regulations.

## **5.2.5 IC**

This device complies with Industry Canada licence-exempt RSS standard(s). Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

- (1) this device may not cause interference, and

(2) this device must accept any interference, including interference that may cause undesired operation of the device.

### **5.3 Trademark**

Suunto EON Steel , its logos, and other Suunto brand trademarks and made names are registered or unregistered trademarks of Suunto Oy. All rights are reserved.

### **5.4 Patent notice**

This product is protected by pending patent applications and their corresponding national rights: US 13/803,795, US 13/832,081, US 13/833,054, US 14/040,808, US 7,349,805, and US 86608266.

Additional patent applications may be filed.

### **5.5 Warranty**

#### **SUUNTO LIMITED WARRANTY**

Suunto warrants that during the Warranty Period Suunto or a Suunto Authorized Service Center (hereinafter Service Center) will, at its sole discretion, remedy defects in materials or workmanship free of charge either by a) repairing, or b) replacing, or c) refunding, subject to the terms and conditions of this Limited Warranty. This Limited Warranty is only valid and enforceable in the country of purchase, unless local law stipulates otherwise.

#### **Warranty Period**

The Limited Warranty Period starts at the date of original retail purchase. The Warranty Period is two (2) years for display devices. The Warranty Period is one (1) year for accessories and consumable

parts, including but not limited to chargeable batteries, chargers, docking stations, straps, cables and hoses.

## **Exclusions and Limitations**

This Limited Warranty does not cover:

1. a) normal wear and tear, b) defects caused by rough handling, or c) defects or damage caused by misuse contrary to intended or recommended use;
2. user manuals or any third-party items;
3. defects or alleged defects caused by the use with any product, accessory, software and/or service not manufactured or supplied by Suunto;

This Limited Warranty is not enforceable if item:

1. has been opened beyond intended use;
2. has been repaired using unauthorized spare parts; modified or repaired by unauthorized Service Center;
3. serial number has been removed, altered or made illegible in any way, as determined at the sole discretion of Suunto;
4. has been exposed to chemicals including but not limited to mosquito repellents.

Suunto does not warrant that the operation of the Product will be uninterrupted or error free, or that the Product will work with any hardware or software provided by a third party.

## **Access to Suunto warranty service**

You must have proof of purchase to access Suunto warranty service. For instructions how to obtain warranty service, visit

[www.suunto.com/support](http://www.suunto.com/support). If you have questions or doubts, a comprehensive range of support materials is available there, or you can post a question directly to Suunto Contact Center. Alternatively, you may contact Suunto Contact Center at the phone number listed on the last page of this document. Suunto's qualified customer support staff will help you and, if needed, troubleshoot your product during the call.

## **Limitation of Liability**

To the maximum extent permitted by applicable mandatory laws, this Limited Warranty is your sole and exclusive remedy and is in lieu of all other warranties, expressed or implied. Suunto shall not be liable for special, incidental, punitive or consequential damages, including but not limited to loss of anticipated benefits, loss of data, loss of use, cost of capital, cost of any substitute equipment or facilities, claims of third parties, damage to property resulting from the purchase or use of the item or arising from breach of the warranty, breach of contract, negligence, strict tort, or any legal or equitable theory, even if Suunto knew of the likelihood of such damages. Suunto shall not be liable for delay in rendering warranty service.

## **5.6 Copyright**

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## 5.7 Dive terms

Term	Explanation
Altitude dive	A dive made at an elevation greater than 300 m (1000 ft) above sea level.
Ascent rate	The speed at which the diver ascends toward the surface.
Ascent time	The minimum amount of time needed to reach the surface on a decompression stop dive.
CCR	Closed-Circuit Rebreather. Scuba that recycles all exhaled gas.
Ceiling	On a decompression stop dive, the shallowest depth to which a diver may ascend based on computed inert gas load.

Term	Explanation
CNS	Central nervous system toxicity. Toxicity is caused by oxygen. Can cause a variety of neurological symptoms. The most important of which is an epileptic-like convulsion which can cause a diver to drown.
CNS%	Central nervous system toxicity limit fraction.
Compartment	See Tissue group
DCS	Decompression sickness/illness. Any of a variety of maladies resulting either directly or indirectly from the formation of nitrogen bubbles in tissues or body fluids, as a result of inadequately controlled decompression.
Decompression	Time spent at a decompression stop, or range, before surfacing, to allow absorbed nitrogen to escape naturally from tissues.
Decompression range	On a decompression stop dive, the depth range between the floor and the ceiling within which a diver must stop for some time during ascent.

Term	Explanation
Dive series	A group of repetitive dives between which the dive computer indicates some nitrogen loading is present. When nitrogen loading reaches zero the dive computer deactivates.
Dive time	Elapsed time between leaving the surface to descend, and returning to the surface at the end of a dive.
Floor	The deepest depth during a decompression stop dive at which decompression takes place.
He%	Helium percentage or helium fraction in the breathing gas.
MOD	Maximum operating depth of a breathing gas is the depth at which the partial pressure of oxygen (pO <sub>2</sub> ) of the gas mix exceeds a safe limit.
Multi level dive	A single or repetitive dive that includes time spent at various depths and therefore has no decompression limits that are not determined solely by the maximum depth reached.

Term	Explanation
Nitrox (Nx)	In sports diving, refers to any mix with a higher fraction of oxygen than standard air.
No deco	No decompression stop time. The maximum amount of time a diver may remain at a particular depth without having to make decompression stops during the subsequent ascent.
No decompression dive	Any dive which permits a direct, uninterrupted ascent to the surface at any time.
No dec time	Abbreviation for no decompression time limit.
OC	Open-circuit. Scuba that exhausts all exhaled gas.
OTU	Oxygen tolerance unit. Used to measure the whole-body-toxicity, caused by prolonged exposure to high oxygen partial pressures. The most common symptoms are irritation in the lungs, a burning sensation in the chest, coughing and reduction of the vital capacity.

Term	Explanation
O2%	Oxygen percentage or oxygen fraction in the breathing gas. Standard air has 21% oxygen.
pO2	Partial pressure of oxygen. Limits the maximum depth to which the nitrox mixture can be safely used. The maximum partial pressure limit for enriched air diving is 1.4 bar. The contingency partial pressure limit is 1.6 bar. Dives beyond this limit risk immediate oxygen toxicity.
Repetitive dive	Any dive whose decompression time limits are affected by residual nitrogen absorbed during previous dives.
Residual nitrogen	The amount of excess nitrogen remaining in a diver after one or more dives.
RGBM	Reduced gradient bubble model. Modern algorithm for tracking both dissolved and free gas in divers.
SCR	Semi-closed rebreather. Scuba that recycles a portion of exhaled gas.

Term	Explanation
Scuba	Self-contained underwater breathing apparatus.
Surface time	Elapsed time between surfacing from a dive and beginning a descent for the subsequent dive.
Tissue group	Theoretical concept used to model bodily tissues for the construction of decompression tables or calculations.
Trimix	A breathing gas mix of helium, oxygen and nitrogen.



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